

A130AX

U R G E N T

FIRST LEAD MISSILES (230)
CAPE CANAVERAL, FLA., MARCH 28 (AP)-A BLAZING TITAN MISSILE RACED 5,000 MILES TO THE SOUTH ATLANTIC OCEAN TONIGHT, ADVANCING THE DAY WHEN THE UNITED STATES WILL HAVE A SECOND OPERATIONAL INTERCONTINENTAL RANGE ROCKET.

EARLIER TODAY, A MACE-B GUIDED MISSILE CRASHED AND EXPLODED ON THE CAPE, SECONDS AFTER IT WAS LAUNCHED FROM A CONCRETE SHELTER. THE 44-FOOT SWEEP-WING WEAPON DARTED SWIFTLY INTO THE AIR, BUT SUDDENLY ROLLED OVER AND NOSE-DIVED TO THE GROUND, SETTING FIRE TO SCRUB BRUSH.

THE TITAN SUCCESS, ANNOUNCED BY THE AIR FORCE, WAS THE THIRD IN THE LAST FOUR LAUNCHINGS OF AN IMPROVED MODEL OF THE MISSILE. THIS SERIES CONTAINS NEARLY ALL COMPONENTS OF THE OPERATIONAL DESIGN, WITH ONLY A FEW MORE REFINEMENTS TO BE ADDED.

THE AIR FORCE AND THE MARTIN CO., WHICH MAKES THE MISSILE, PLAN TO HAVE THE FIRST COMBAT-READY TITANS READY FOR DEPLOYMENT AT LOWRY AIR FORCE BASE, COLO., THIS SUMMER.

THE UNITED STATES THEN WILL HAVE TWO OPERATIONAL ICBMS. THE FIRST 18 ATLAS MISSILES ALREADY ARE ON STATION AT VANDENBERG AIR FORCE BASE, CALIF., AND WARREN AIR FORCE BASE, WYO.

THE AIR FORCE HAD HOPED TO HAVE 14 TITAN SQUADRONS, AVERAGING 10 MISSILES EACH, BUT PRESIDENT KENNEDY'S SPECIAL MILITARY MESSAGE TO CONGRESS TODAY ADVOCATED ELIMINATING TWO OF THE SQUADRONS IN FAVOR OF AN INCREASE IN THE NUMBER OF MINUTEMAN SOLID-FUEL ICBMS. MINUTEMAN HAS HAD ONE TEST SHOT HERE.

THE MACE-B BLEW APART ON IMPACT ON AN ISOLATED TIP OF THE CAPE. CAUSE OF THE MALFUNCTION WAS NOT IMMEDIATELY DETERMINED, BUT IT APPEARED TO BE A FLIGHT CONTROL OR GUIDANCE PROBLEM. THIS IS THE FIRST TIME IN 22 MACE-B TEST LAUNCHES THAT ONE OF THE ROCKETS CRASHED ON TAKEOFF.

THE MACE-B, SCHEDULED TO BE OPERATIONAL LATE THIS YEAR, IS DESIGNED TO CRUISE AT VARY ALTITUDES BETWEEN 1,000 AND 40,000 FEET. SUCH ACTION WOULD ENABLE IT TO AVOID ENEMY COUNTERMEASURES.

EP330PES NM

A130 220

GENEVA, MARCH 28 (AP)-THE UNITED STATES TODAY OFFERED THE RUSSIANS EAST-WEST PARITY IN STAFFING CONTROL POSTS THAT WOULD POLICE A FUTURE BAN ON NUCLEAR WEAPON TESTS.

THE PROPOSAL WAS SPELLED OUT BY AMERICAN DELEGATE ARTHUR H. DEAN AT A 40-MINUTE SESSION OF THE THREE-POWER CONFERENCE. IT WAS BACKED BY THE BRITISH.

SOVIET DELEGATE SEMYON K. TSARAPKIN GAVE NO INDICATION WHETHER THE IDEA WAS ACCEPTABLE TO MOSCOW. DIPLOMATS FEEL THE CONFERENCE WILL REMAIN BOGGED DOWN UNTIL TSARAPKIN COMES THROUGH WITH SOME FINAL SOVIET REACTION TO A SERIES OF WESTERN COMPROMISE PROPOSALS DEFINED DURING THE PAST WEEK.

IT HAS ALREADY BEEN AGREED THAT THERE WOULD BE BETWEEN 30 AND 35 TECHNICIANS IN EACH OF THE 180 CONTROL POSTS ESTABLISHED TO CHECK ON SUSPICIOUS DISTURBANCES. THESE POSTS WOULD FORM A MAJOR ELEMENT IN THE POLICING ARRANGEMENTS TO PREVENT VIOLATIONS OF A NUCLEAR TEST BAN.

ORIGINALLY IT WAS PROPOSED THAT IN EACH CONTROL POST ONE-THIRD OF THE STAFF BE SOVIET CITIZENS. ONE-THIRD WOULD BE CITIZENS OF THE UNITED STATES OR BRITAIN. THE REST WOULD BE SELECTED FROM NEUTRAL

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NATIONS.
NOW THE WESTERN POWERS HAVE SPELLED OUT A SUBDIVISION OF THE "THIRD-THIRD." INSTEAD OF NEUTRALS THIS SECTION OF THE STAFF ALSO WOULD BE DIVIDED AGAIN INTO THREE: ONE-THIRD SOVIET, ONE-THIRD AMERICAN-BRITISH AND ONE-THIRD NEUTRAL.

THIS WOULD MEAN THAT ONLY A SMALL FRACTION OF THE CONTROL POST STAFF WOULD COME FROM NEUTRAL COUNTRIES WITH THE REST SPLIT EQUALLY BETWEEN EAST AND WEST.

WD1148AES

A17WA

AMS BUDGET (1,000)

NIGHT LEAD MILITARY BUDGET

BY FRED S. HOFFMAN

WASHINGTON, MARCH 28 (AP)-PRESIDENT KENNEDY ASKED CONGRESS TODAY TO UNDERWRITE ANOTHER \$1,954,000,000 IN DEFENSE INSURANCE. MOSTLY THIS WOULD BE FOR 10 MORE MISSILE-FIRING POLARIS SUBMARINES, A BIGGER ARSENAL OF LONG-RANGE MINUTEMAN ROCKETS, AND A STRONGER CAPABILITY TO FIGHT LIMITED OR GUERRILLA TYPE WARS.

IF CARRIED THROUGH THE KENNEDY PROGRAM COULD ARM THE NATION BY 1965 WITH PERHAPS 1,200 NUCLEAR-TIPPED MISSILES, ABLE TO REACH TARGETS IN RUSSIA.

AGAINST A BACKGROUND OF CRISIS IN LAOS, KENNEDY SENT CONGRESS A SPECIAL MESSAGE BOOSTING THE FINAL EISENHOWER ADMINISTRATION DEFENSE BUDGET, AS REVISED, TO \$43,794,300,000---THE HIGHEST SINCE WORLD WAR II. ADDITIONAL SPENDING NEXT FISCAL YEAR WOULD TOTAL \$650 MILLION, WITH THE REST OF THE BOOST IN CONTRACT AUTHORITY TO BE PAID FOR OVER A PERIOD OF YEARS.

PLEDGING THAT "OUR ARMS WILL NEVER BE USED TO STRIKE THE FIRST BLOW," KENNEDY DECLARED THAT "ANY POTENTIAL AGGRESSOR CONTEMPLATING AN ATTACK ON ANY PART OF THE FREE WORLD WITH ANY KIND OF WEAPONS, CONVENTIONAL OR NUCLEAR, MUST KNOW THAT OUR RESPONSE WILL BE SUITABLE, SELECTIVE, SWIFT AND EFFECTIVE."

HE CALLED THE INCREASE IN DEFENSE SPENDING "INSURANCE WE HOPE IS NEVER NEEDED--BUT INSURANCE WE MUST NEVERTHELESS PURCHASE."

WHILE BOOSTING SOME PROMISING WEAPONS AND ASKING A SLIGHT INCREASE OF 13,000 IN MILITARY MANPOWER, KENNEDY JOLTED THE ARMY BY DENYING ANY FUNDS TO START PRODUCTION OF THE NIKE ZEUS ANTI-MISSILE MISSILE. LIKE THE EISENHOWER ADMINISTRATION, THE KENNEDY REGIME TOOK THE POSITION THE ZEUS HASN'T YET PROVED ITSELF. KENNEDY DIDN'T EVEN MENTION IT IN HIS MESSAGE.

THE EISENHOWER BUDGET FOR THE NEXT FISCAL YEAR STARTING JULY 1 CALLED FOR OBLIGATING ABOUT \$250 MILLION TO COMPLETE THE ZEUS TEST PROGRAM. KENNEDY DID NOT DISTURB THIS PROPOSED DEVELOPMENT ALLOTMENT.

THE PRESIDENT DEALT A SETBACK TO THE AIR FORCE'S PROPOSED 2,000-MILE-AN-HOUR B70 BOMBER, FOR WHICH THE EISENHOWER ADMINISTRATION HAD ALLOTTED MORE MONEY UNDER PRODDING BY DEMOCRATS IN CONGRESS. KENNEDY PROPOSED CUTTING BACK THE PROJECT BY \$138 MILLION--TO \$220 MILLION--BECAUSE THE B70 WOULD NOT BECOME OPERATIONAL UNTIL THE LATE 1960S. BY THEN, KENNEDY SAID, THE UNITED STATES EXPECTS TO HAVE A STURDY MISSILE CAPABILITY.

AND THE PRESIDENT PROPOSED AN END TO THE COSTLY, BUT SO FAR FRUITLESS, EFFORT TO DEVELOP A MILITARY PLANE WITH AN ATOMIC ENGINE. THIS WOULD SAVE \$35 MILLION NEXT YEAR.

KENNEDY NOTED THAT NEARLY 15 YEARS AND ABOUT \$1 BILLION HAVE BEEN DEVOTED TO THIS EFFORT, BUT "THE POSSIBILITY OF ACHIEVING A MILITARILY USEFUL AIRCRAFT IN THE FORESEEABLE FUTURE IS STILL VERY REMOTE."

THE WHOLE PROJECT WILL BE SHIFTED TO THE ATOMIC ENERGY COMMISSION AS A NON-DEFENSE RESEARCH ITEM.

IN A SEPARATE MESSAGE, KENNEDY ASKED CONGRESS FOR A \$30.1 MILLION INCREASE IN ATOMIC ENERGY COMMISSION FUNDS FOR NEXT YEAR AND A \$125.67 INCREASE IN THE CIVILIAN SPACE BUDGET.

IN HIS DEFENSE BUDGET MESSAGE KENNEDY ACKNOWLEDGED FOR THE FIRST TIME AS PRESIDENT THAT THE RUSSIANS ARE AHEAD IN MISSILE STRENGTH. BUT, LIKE THE EISENHOWER ADMINISTRATION, HE ARGUED THAT THE ABILITY TO DETER ATTACK "DOES NOT DEPEND UPON A SINGLE COMPARISON OF MISSILES ON HAND BEFORE AN ATTACK."

HIGH ADMINISTRATION OFFICIALS SAID THE ACTIONS KENNEDY IS TAKING WILL "ASSURE NO DETERRENT GAP IN THE FUTURE."

ACTUALLY, KENNEDY PROPOSED INDIVIDUAL ITEM INCREASES TOTALING \$2.7 BILLION. THESE WERE PARTIALLY OFFSET BY \$750 MILLION IN CUTBACKS.

THE POLARIS BUILDUP, AIMED AT ACQUIRING A FLEET OF 29 SUBS ARMED WITH 16 ROCKETS EACH, ACCOUNTED FOR THE BULK OF THE KENNEDY BUDGET INCREASES--\$1,340,800,000. ONLY \$270 MILLION WOULD BE SPENT NEXT YEAR. THE PRESIDENT SAID THAT IN THE LIGHT OF "THE HIGH DEGREE OF SUCCESS ATTAINED TO DATE," HE STRONGLY RECOMMENDED THE POLARIS PROGRAM BE "GREATLY EXPANDED AND ACCELERATED."

IN THE LIMITED AND GUERRILLA WARFARE REALM, KENNEDY CALLED FOR INCREASES TOTALING \$847.2 MILLION.

A PROPOSED ADDITION OF 5,000 ARMY TROOPS WOULD BE USED TO DOUBLE THE ARMY'S 1,800-MAN SPECIAL FORCES, UNITS INTENSIVELY TRAINED IN ANTI-GUERRILLA OPERATIONS, AND TO ADD ANOTHER BATTLE GROUP OF ABOUT 1,800. ONE SUCH BATTLE GROUP NOW IS ON OKINAWA, WITHIN CALL IF NEEDED IN LAOS.

AN ADDED 3,000 MARINES WOULD BE USED TO FORM ONE MORE INFANTRY BATTALION. THE MARINES, TOO, ARE GEARED FOR LIMITED OR GUERRILLA-TYPE WAR, AND ONE BATTALION LANDING TEAM IS AFLOAT WITH THE 7TH FLEET NEAR THE FAR EAST TROUBLE ZONE.

THE ARMY NOW HAS AN AUTHORIZED STRENGTH OF 870,000, THE MARINES 175,000. BOTH HAD HOPED FOR BIGGER MANPOWER INCREASES.

TO BEEF UP THIS COUNTRY'S NONE-TOO-ROBUST AIRLIFT AND SEALIFT, KENNEDY ASKED \$172 MILLION TO BUY 129 NEW LONGER RANGE JETPROP AND PURE JET TRANSPORTS, AND \$40 MILLION FOR ONE MORE OCEANGOING TRANSPORT CAPABLE OF DOING 20-KNOTS.

ALSO UNDER THE HEADING OF LIMITED WAR PREPARATIONS, THE PRESIDENT ASKED MONEY FOR ANTISUBMARINE WARFARE, EQUIPPING GROUND FORCES WITH HELICOPTERS, MORE MODERN RIFLES AND OTHER LIGHT ARMS, DEVELOPING A TACTICAL FIGHTER THAT COULD BE USED BY ALL THE SERVICES, AND IMPROVING THE F105 FIGHTER, WHICH TRAVELS AT BETTER THAN 1,000 MILES AN HOUR.

THE 10 MORE POLARIS BOATS KENNEDY RECOMMENDED FOR THE 1962 FISCAL YEAR STARTING JULY 1 WOULD RAISE THE TOTAL AUTHORIZED 29--EACH MOUNTING 16 MISSILES THAT CAN BE FIRED FROM THE OCEAN DEPTHS WHERE, KENNEDY SAID, THE SUBS ARE "VIRTUALLY IMMUNE TO BALLISTIC MISSILE ATTACK."

THREE POLARIS SUBS HAVE JOINED THE FLEET, ONE MORE SOON WILL.

THE 10 NEW BOATS, PLUS THE 10 COVERED IN AN ALREADY STEPPED-UP EFFORT THIS YEAR, ARE SCHEDULED TO BE DELIVERED AT THE RATE OF ONE A MONTH BEGINNING IN JUNE, 1963, KENNEDY SAID. THIS COMPARES WITH A PREVIOUS RATE OF FIVE A YEAR.

ALL THIS, KENNEDY SAID, MEANS THAT A FORCE OF 29 POLARIS SUBS--BRISTLING WITH 464 NUCLEAR ROCKETS--CAN BE AT SEA TWO YEARS EARLIER THAN WOULD BE POSSIBLE AT THE OLD FIVE-A-YEAR RATE.

AT THE SAME TIME, KENNEDY URGED ACCELERATED DEVELOPMENT OF THE 2,500-MILE-RANGE A3 POLARIS TO MAKE IT AVAILABLE A YEAR EARLIER. THE A1, NOW OPERATIONAL, HAS A 1,200-MILE RANGE. IT IS KENNEDY'S IDEA THAT FASTER PROGRESS ON THE ADVANCED MODEL WILL ALLOW SAVINGS IN BUYING AN INTERMEDIATE VERSION. THE A2.

TO MAN THE EXTRA BOATS ON THE WAY KENNEDY ASKED \$15 MILLION TO TRAIN ADDITIONAL CREWS. EACH POLARIS SUB HAS TWO 125-MAN CREWS WHICH ALTERNATE IN SERVING ABOARD THE SUBS.

OF THE PROPOSED 3,000-MAN INCREASE IN NAVY MANPOWER, 2,500 WOULD GO FOR THIS PURPOSE. THE NAVY'S AUTHORIZED STRENGTH NOW IS 625,000.

IN ASKING \$96 MILLION FOR THE MINUTEMAN PROGRAM, KENNEDY PRAISED THE SOLID FUEL ROCKET, A CHEAPER AND LESS COMPLEX ICBM NOW UNDER DEVELOPMENT, AS PROMISING "A HIGH DEGREE OF SURVIVABILITY" IF ITS UNDERGROUND BASES ARE ATTACKED BY ENEMY ROCKETS.

HE PROPOSED SUBSTITUTING THREE FIXED BASE SQUADRONS OF THESE 6,300-MILE RANGE MISSILES FOR THREE PREVIOUSLY PLANNED FOR MOUNTING ON RAILROAD CARS. THUS, HE DEFERRED BUT DID NOT ABANDON THE PLAN TO FIRE THE MINUTEMAN FROM MOBILE BEDS.

ADMINISTRATION OFFICIALS SAID THIS WOULD MEAN THE GOVERNMENT COULD BUY 150 MISSILES FOR THE PRICE OF 90--EACH FIXED BASE SQUADRON WILL HAVE 50 ROCKETS AS COMPARED WITH 30 FOR EACH MOVING SQUADRON. OFFICIALS SAID THE MOBILE BASES COST ABOUT 60 PER CENT MORE THAN FIXED BASES DUG INTO THE GROUND.

DEVELOPMENT WORK ON THE MOBILE VERSION WILL CONTINUE, KENNEDY TOLD CONGRESS.

THE ADMINISTRATION SEEKS TO DOUBLE MINUTEMAN PRODUCTION CAPACITY BY RELIEVING BOTTLENECKS IN PRESENT PLANTS.

PROSPECTS ARE FOR EMPLACEMENT OF SOMEWHAT MORE THAN 500 MINUTEMEN BY 1965. THE WEAPON IS DUE TO BECOME COMBAT READY NEXT YEAR.

AT THE SAME TIME, KENNEDY PROPOSED CANCELING TWO SQUADRONS OF TITAN INTERCONTINENTAL BALLISTIC MISSILES, A LIQUID FUEL WEAPON WHICH HAS BEEN OVERTAKEN BY MORE RELIABLE SOLID FUEL ROCKETS. THE PRESIDENT ESTIMATED THIS WOULD YIELD A \$100 MILLION SAVING NEXT YEAR AND OVER-ALL NET SAVINGS EVENTUALLY OF \$270 MILLION. THE AIR FORCE SAID THE TWO SQUADRONS HAD BEEN PLANNED FOR GRIFFISS BASE AT ROME, N.Y.

THIS ACTION WOULD REDUCE PLANNED TITAN SQUADRONS TO 12, WITH NINE MISSILES TO A SQUADRON. ALSO PLANNED--SOME ALREADY ARE IN PLACE--ARE 13 SQUADRONS OF ATLAS LIQUID FUEL MISSILES, WITH NINE ROCKETS TO A SQUADRON.

THE PRESIDENT REQUESTED \$50 MILLION MORE TO PUSH AHEAD WITH THE SKYBOLT, A 1,000-MILE RANGE SOLID FUEL BALLISTIC ROCKET DESIGNED TO BE FIRED FROM B52 BOMBERS AT GROUND TARGETS.

THE BRITISH ARE EXPECTED TO GET SOME OF THESE SKYBOLTS WHEN THEY ARE READY. THE SKYBOLT "MAY EXTEND THE USEFUL LIFE OF OUR BOMBERS INTO THE MISSILE AGE," KENNEDY TOLD CONGRESS.

IN STRESSING THE NEED FOR A FLEXIBLE OVER-ALL DETERRENT POWER, KENNEDY DECLARED "THIS DETERRENT POWER DEPENDS NOT ONLY ON THE NUMBER OF OUR MISSILES AND BOMBERS, BUT ON THEIR STATE OF READINESS, THEIR ABILITY TO SURVIVE ATTACK, AND THE FLEXIBILITY AND SURENESS WITH WHICH WE CAN CONTROL THEM..."

ACCORDINGLY, KENNEDY REQUESTED NEARLY \$45 MILLION TO PUT ONE-HALF OF THE BOMBER FORCE--ABOUT 1,800 HEAVY B52S AND MEDIUM B47S--ON 15-MINUTE GROUND ALERT. THE PROPORTION IS NOW ONE-THIRD. AND HE SAID HE WANTS FUNDS TO PLACE ONE-EIGHTH OF THE 600 B52S ON AIRBORNE ALERT AT ANY TIME, WITH CONTINUED AUTHORITY TO SPEND WHATEVER IS NECESSARY FOR A FULL AIRBORNE ALERT IN EVENT OF EMERGENCY.

A PROPOSED INCREASE OF 2,000 AIR FORCE PERSONNEL WAS EARMARKED FOR GROUND ALERT OPERATIONS. THE AIR FORCE NOW IS ENTITLED TO 822,900 MEN.

TO GAIN GREATER WARNING TIME OF ANY ENEMY MISSILE ATTACK AND THUS TO GIVE U. S. BOMBERS AND MISSILES A BETTER CHANCE TO STRIKE BACK, THE PRESIDENT SOUGHT AN ADDITIONAL \$60 MILLION TO ACCELERATE THE MIDAS SATELLITE-BORNE SYSTEM OF DETECTING ENEMY MISSILES THE INSTANT THEY LEAVE THEIR LAUNCHING PAD.

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MIDAS IS DESIGNED TO FURNISH ABOUT 30 MINUTES WARNING--THE TIME IT TAKES FOR AN ENEMY MISSILE TO GET HERE. THE PRESENT WARNING TIME IS HALF THAT.

IN ADDITION TO TRIMMING THE B70 PROGRAM AND OTHER CUTBACKS, KENNEDY PROPOSED PHASING DOWN WINGS OF AGING B47 BOMBERS, CLOSING OUT THE SNARK, A SLOW AND OBSOLETE AIR-BREATHING MISSILE, CANCELLING PROPOSED DEVELOPMENT OF A NAVY MISSILE PLANE AND ITS EAGLE MISSILE, AND DROPPING PLANS TO INSTALL POLARIS MISSILES ON THE CRUISER LONG BEACH.

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A70WX (330)

ADVANCE FOR NOON EST TODAY--EDITORS: GUARD AGAINST PREMATURE USE

MILITARY BUDGET TOPICS

(ADVANCE) WASHINGTON, MARCH 28 (AP)--PRESIDENT KENNEDY SENT A SPECIAL MESSAGE TO CONGRESS TODAY COVERING MILITARY BUDGET RECOMMENDATIONS. HERE ARE SOME OF THE MAJOR TOPICS COVERED:

--BASIC DEFENSE POLICY AS DEFINED BY KENNEDY: THE UNITED STATES WILL NEVER STRIKE THE FIRST BLOW IN ANY CONFLICT. CONSEQUENTLY, IT MUST STRESS DETERRENT POWER, WITH THE ABILITY TO SURVIVE A FIRST BLOW AND RESPOND WITH DEVASTATING STRENGTH. U. S. ARMS MUST BE SUBJECT TO ULTIMATE CIVILIAN CONTROL AND COMMAND AT ALL TIMES AND THEY CANNOT BE BOUND BY ARBITRARY BUDGET CEILINGS. U. S. MILITARY FORCES MUST BE MOBILE AND FLEXIBLE.

--MISSILES: THE POLARIS MISSILE SUBMARINE IS TO BE EXPANDED AND ACCELERATED. TEN MORE ROCKET SUBS ARE TO BE PROVIDED FOR IN THE FISCAL 1962 PROGRAM WITH CONSTRUCTION STEPPED UP AT A RATE OF 12 A YEAR INSTEAD OF 5. MINUTEMAN, THE AIR FORCE'S STRATEGIC MISSILE SYSTEM, ALSO WOULD BE EXPANDED WITH ITS PRODUCTION CAPACITY DOUBLED. STRENGTHENED, TOO, WOULD BE THE SKYBOLT LONG RANGE NUCLEAR-WARHEAD BALLISTIC MISSILE.

--FINANCING: AN INCREASE OF \$1.954 BILLION IN THE TOTAL OF NEW OBLIGATIONS AUTHORITY. THIS AUTHORIZES THE SERVICES TO ORDER EQUIPMENT TO BE PAID FOR IN THE NEXT AND SUBSEQUENT FISCAL YEARS. THE EISENHOWER BUDGET PROPOSED A TOTAL OF \$41.840 BILLION. KENNEDY'S PROPOSES \$43.794 BILLION, WITH ACTUAL SPENDING UP ABOUT \$650 MILLION DURING FISCAL YEAR 1962. EISENHOWER'S SPENDING PROPOSAL WAS \$42.9 BILLION. KENNEDY'S WAS \$43.8 BILLION.

--"MISSILE GAP": KENNEDY SAID IT HAS BEEN PUBLIC KNOWLEDGE FOR SEVERAL YEARS THAT THE UNITED STATES HAS NOT LED THE WORLD IN MISSILE STRENGTH. BUT, HE SAID MORE THAN THE NUMBER OF MISSILES DETERMINE A NATION'S DETERRENT STRENGTH. HE INCLUDED ALSO BOMBERS, AND THE STATE OF READINESS AND FLEXIBILITY OF THE MISSILES AND BOMBERS.

MANPOWER--AN INCREASE OF 13,000 MEN. THIS WOULD ADD 5,000 TO THE ARMY, MOST OF THEM FOR GUERRILLA WARFARE AND FOR AN ADDITIONAL BATTLE GROUP. THE NAVY WOULD GET 3,000, CHIEFLY FOR POLARIS CREWS, THE MARINES 3,000 IN AN ADDITIONAL INFANTRY BATTALION AND THE AIR FORCE 2,000.

FACILITIES AND PROGRAMS TO BE ABANDONED--A NUMBER OF B47 MEDIUM BOMBER WINGS, TWO SQUADRONS OF THE TITAN MISSILE, MUCH OF THE B70 MANNED BOMBER PROGRAM AND MILITARY INTEREST IN THE ATOMIC POWERED PLANE. ALSO, 73 FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC MILITARY INSTALLATIONS ARE BEING DISCONTINUED AND OTHERS ARE BEING EXAMINED FOR POSSIBLE ELIMINATION.

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U R G E N T

ADVANCE FOR 2 PM EST TODAY

ATOMIC-SPACE

(ADVANCE) WASHINGTON, MARCH 28 (AP)--PRESIDENT KENNEDY ASKED CONGRESS TODAY FOR A \$125.67 MILLION INCREASE IN THE CIVILIAN SPACE BUDGET FOR THE NEXT FISCAL YEAR AND \$30.1 MILLION FOR THE ATOMIC ENERGY COMMISSION.

THE WHITE HOUSE SAID THE PROPOSALS HAD ALREADY BEEN FIGURED INTO THE BUDGET AS REVISED BY KENNEDY AND WOULD NOT AFFECT THE CURRENT FIGURES FOR OVER-ALL GOVERNMENT SPENDING OR THE PROSPECTIVE DEFICIT FOR THE YEAR STARTING JULY 1.

THE ATOMIC-SPACE MONEY REQUEST FOLLOWED BY ONLY TWO HOURS A KENNEDY MESSAGE CALLING FOR \$890 MILLION IN EXTRA CASH FOR DEFENSE. THAT PROPOSAL BOOSTED PLANNED OUTLAYS TO A PEACETIME RECORD \$84.259 BILLION AND THE EXPECTED DEFICIT TO \$2.826 BILLION.

THE 11.3 PER CENT INCREASE IN FUNDS FOR THE NATIONAL AERONAUTICS AND SPACE ADMINISTRATION SPEEDS UP BY ABOUT A YEAR THE PROGRAM FOR THE HUGE SATURN C2 LAUNCH VEHICLE SYSTEM WHICH COULD MOVE THE UNITED STATES AHEAD OF RUSSIA IN SATELLITE WEIGHT-LAUNCHING CAPABILITY.

THE PROGRAM ALSO WOULD ACCELERATE BY SEVERAL MONTHS THE DEVELOPMENT OF THE CENTUAR HIGH ENERGY VEHICLE.

IT REPRESENTS A PULLBACK, HOWEVER, FROM THE ACCELERATED PROGRAMS OF THE EISENHOWER ADMINISTRATION FOR A COMMUNICATIONS SATELLITE SYSTEM AND FOR THE APOLLO MANNED SPACECRAFT PLANNED AS A SEQUEL TO THE CURRENT MERCURY PROGRAM.

JAMES E. WEBB, NASA ADMINISTRATOR, SAID THE NEW ADMINISTRATION HAS DECIDED TO TAKE A "GOOD HARD LOOK AT THE ORIGRAM FOR DEVELOPMENT OF A COMMERCIAL COMMUNICATIONS SATELLITE, BEFORE MAKING ANY COMMITMENT.

SIMILARLY, NASA HAS DECIDED NOT TO GO FORWARD WITH THE LETTING OF CONTRACTS FOR AN APOLLO VEHICLE UNTIL ADDITIONAL STUDIES HAVE BEEN COMPLETED.

THE ADDITIONAL FUNDS FOR THE AEC WOULD BE USED MAINLY TO START CONSTRUCTION OF A NEW \$114 MILLION LINEAR ELECTRON ACCELERATOR AT STANFORD UNIVERSITY, FOR HIGH ENERGY PHYSICS RESEARCH, AND TO CONVERT THE NEW REACTOR AT HANFORD, WASH., TO THE GENERATION OF ELECTRICITY AS A BYPRODUCT IN THE PRODUCTION OF PLUTONIUM. 144P

A67 KENNEDY-MISSILES

(ADVANCE) WASHINGTON, MARCH 28 (AP)--PRESIDENT KENNEDY SAID TODAY "IT HAS BEEN PUBLICLY ACKNOWLEDGED FOR SEVERAL YEARS THAT THIS NATION HAS NOT LED THE WORLD IN MISSILE STRENGTH."

THE CHIEF EXECUTIVE MADE THIS LATEST OBSERVATION ON THE "MISSILE GAP" QUESTION IN HIS MILITARY BUDGET MESSAGE TO CONGRESS.

BUT HE MADE A DISTINCTION BETWEEN A "MISSILE" GAP AND A "DETERRENT" GAP--WHICH INCLUDES STRATEGIC WEAPONS IN ADDITION TO MISSILES, SUCH AS LONG RANGE BOMBERS.

KENNEDY SAID THAT STRATEGIC ARMS AND DEFENSES MUST BE ADEQUATE TO DETER ANY NUCLEAR ATTACK ON THE U. S. OR ITS ALLIES BY MAKING CLEAR TO ANY POTENTIAL AGGRESSOR THAT ENOUGH FORCE WOULD SURVIVE TO INFLICT UNACCEPTABLE LOSSES ON THE ENEMY.

THEN KENNEDY CONTINUED:

"AS I INDICATED IN AN ADDRESS TO THE SENATE SOME 31 MONTHS AGO (WHEN HE WAS A SENATOR), THIS DETERRENCE DOES NOT DEPEND UPON A SIMPLE COMPARISON OF MISSILES ON HAND BEFORE AN ATTACK. IT HAS BEEN PUBLICLY ACKNOWLEDGED FOR SEVERAL YEARS THAT THIS NATION HAS NOT LED THE WORLD IN MISSILE STRENGTH. MOREOVER, WE WILL NOT STRIKE FIRST IN ANY CONFLICT.

"BUT WHAT WE HAVE AND MUST CONTINUE TO HAVE IS THE ABILITY TO SURVIVE A FIRST BLOW AND RESPOND WITH DEVASTATING POWER. THIS DETERRENT POWER DEPENDS NOT ONLY ON THE NUMBER OF OUR MISSILES AND BOMBERS, BUT ON THEIR STATE OF READINESS, THEIR ABILITY TO SURVIVE ATTACK, AND THE FLEXIBILITY AND SURENESS WITH WHICH WE CAN CONTROL THEM TO ACHIEVE OUR

NATIONAL PURPOSE AND STRATEGIC OBJECTIVES."

KENNEDY'S MESSAGE TODAY WAS PREDICATED ON A PRELIMINARY REAPPRAISAL OF THE ENTIRE STRATEGIC DEFENSE SITUATION, SUBMITTED TO HIM BY SECRETARY OF DEFENSE ROBERT S. MCNAMARA.

AT A NEWS CONFERENCE ON FEB. 8, KENNEDY WAS ASKED WHETHER HE BELIEVED A MISSILE GAP EXISTED.

THE PRESIDENT REPLIED THAT MCNAMARA HAD TOLD HIM NO STUDY HAD BEEN CONCLUDED IN THE DEFENSE DEPARTMENT WHICH "WOULD LEAD TO ANY CONCLUSION AT THIS TIME AS TO WHETHER THERE IS A MISSILE GAP OR NOT." KENNEDY ADDED:

"IT IS MY INFORMATION THAT THESE STUDIES ARE NOT COMPLETE AND THEREFORE IT WOULD BE PREMATURE TO REACH A JUDGMENT AS TO WHETHER THERE IS A GAP OR NOT A GAP."

TWO DAYS EARLIER, MCNAMARA, IN A MEETING WITH SOME NEWSMEN, DISCUSSED THE DEFENSE REAPPRAISAL IN TERMS THAT LED SOME OF THE NEWSMEN TO WRITE THAT THE PENTAGON HAD FOUND THAT NO MISSILE GAP EXISTED.

PIERRE SALINGER, WHITE HOUSE PRESS SECRETARY, DENIED THESE REPORTS THE NEXT DAY AND DEFENSE DEPARTMENT OFFICIALS SAID MCNAMARA DID NOT REALLY MEAN TO CONVEY THIS IDEA.

LATER, IN A LETTER TO CAPITOL HILL, MCNAMARA DENIED THAT HE HAD SAID THE PENTAGON HAD FOUND AN ABSENCE OF A MISSILE GAP.

TODAY, KENNEDY SAID THE DEFENSE REAPPRAISAL WILL REQUIRE MANY ADDITIONAL MONTHS TO BE FULLY COMPLETED.

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(POLARIS-MINUTEMAN) A18

(ADVANCE) WASHINGTON, MARCH 28 (AP)--HERE'S A BRIEF RUNDOWN ON THE NAVY'S POLARIS AND THE AIR FORCE'S MINUTEMAN MISSILE SYSTEMS DISCUSSED BY PRESIDENT KENNEDY TODAY IN HIS MILITARY MESSAGE TO CONGRESS:

--POLARIS--

THE POLARIS SUBMARINE, ATOMIC POWERED AND CAPABLE OF DEEP DIVING AND PROLONGED SUBMERGENCE, CARRIES 16 POLARIS ROCKETS. THE PRESENT MODEL MISSILE HAS A RANGE OF ABOUT 1,200 MILES, CARRIES A THERMONUCLEAR WARHEAD WITH A "YIELD" OF ABOUT 400 KILOTONS. (A KILOTON IS THE EQUIVALENT OF ENERGY RELEASED BY DETONATION OF 1,000 TONS OF CONVENTIONAL EXPLOSIVE.)

THE POLARIS IS LAUNCHED WHILE THE SUBMARINE IS SUBMERGED. ITS ROCKET ENGINE IGNITES UPON REACHING THE SURFACE. KENNEDY WANTS TO EXPEDITE PERFECTION OF A POLARIS MISSILE WITH 2,500 MILE RANGE, PRESUMABLY CARRYING ABOUT THE SAME SIZE WARHEAD.

--MINUTEMAN--

THE MINUTEMAN MISSILE, LIKE THE POLARIS, USES SOLID FUEL INSTEAD OF THE HARDER-TO-HANDLE LIQUID OF BIGGER ROCKET ENGINES. IT IS DESIGNED PRIMARILY FOR LAUNCHING FROM UNDERGROUND "SILOS" PROTECTED AGAINST ENEMY ATTACK.

THE AIR FORCE HAS PROPOSED TO MOUNT MINUTEMEN ON TRAINS, MOVING THEM ABOUT TO MAKE IT MORE DIFFICULT FOR AN ENEMY TO SPOT THEM. BUT KENNEDY TODAY PROPOSED THAT PLAN BE DEFERRED FOR A TIME, CONCENTRATING INSTEAD ON GETTING MORE MINUTEMEN FOR PERMANENT LAUNCHING SITES.

THE BIGGER MINUTEMAN HAS A SUBSTANTIALLY LONGER RANGE, ABOUT 5,000 MILES, AND CARRIES A SOMEWHAT LARGER WARHEAD.

WE704AES

A83WX

(160) BUDGET-DEFICITS
WASHINGTON, MARCH 28 (AP)--THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT WILL HAVE BUDGET DEFICITS TOTALING \$4,995,000,000 DURING THE 1961 AND 1962 FISCAL YEARS, THE KENNEDY ADMINISTRATION ESTIMATED TODAY.

BUDGET DIRECTOR DAVID E. BELL SUBMITTED REVISED BUDGET TOTALS TO THE SENATE-HOUSE ECONOMIC COMMITTEE. THE NEW TOTALS INCORPORATE ALL CHANGES MADE IN THE ESTIMATES SUBMITTED IN JANUARY BY FORMER PRESIDENT DWIGHT D. EISENHOWER, INCLUDING THOSE WHICH PRESIDENT KENNEDY RECOMMENDED IN

A SPECIAL MESSAGE ON DEFENSE SPENDING.

HERE ARE THE NEW TOTALS:

FOR THE 1962 FISCAL YEAR WHICH BEGINS JULY 1--SPENDING, \$84,259,-000,000; REVENUES, \$81,433,000,000; DEFICIT, \$2,826,000,000.

EISENHOWER HAD ESTIMATED SPENDING AT \$80,865,000,000, REVENUES AT \$82,333,000,000 AND FORECAST A SURPLUS OF \$1,468,000,000.

FOR THE 1961 FISCAL YEAR WHICH ENDS JUNE 30--SPENDING \$80,693,000,-000; REVENUES, \$78,524,000,000; DEFICIT, \$2,169,000,000.

EISENHOWER'S ESTIMATES WERE: SPENDING \$78,945,000,000; REVENUES \$79,024,000,000; SURPLUS, \$79 MILLION.

BU822PES

B59WX

(380) NUCLEAR AIRPLANE

WASHINGTON, MARCH 28 (AP)--THE ATOMIC ENERGY COMMISSION EXPECTS TO CONTINUE SOME RESEARCH AT TWO PLANTS WHICH HAVE BEEN WORKING ON ATOMIC POWERED AIRPLANE ENGINES, DESPITE A CUTBACK IN THAT PROGRAM.

THE PLANTS ARE THE CONNECTICUT AIRCRAFT NUCLEAR ENGINE LABORATORY (CANEL), OPERATED BY PRATT & WHITNEY AT MIDDLETOWN, CONN., AND THE GENERAL ELECTRIC COMPANY'S EVENDALE, OHIO FACILITY. THE TWO HAVE BEEN WORKING ON DIFFERENT CONCEPTS OF A POSSIBLE NUCLEAR ENGINE FOR AIRPLANES.

PRESIDENT KENNEDY TODAY PROPOSED TO WITHDRAW MILITARY PARTICIPATION FROM THE NUCLEAR PLANE PROJECT BUT TO CONTINUE A REDUCED RESEARCH PROGRAM UNDER THE ATOMIC ENERGY COMMISSION.

ADMINISTRATION OFFICIALS SAID THE GOVERNMENT INTENDS TO EARMARK ABOUT \$25 MILLION FOR NEW RESEARCH PROJECTS IN THE FIELDS OF HIGH-PERFORMANCE REACTORS AND MATERIALS RESISTANT TO HIGH TEMPERATURES. THESE WILL MAKE USE OF THE RESEARCH TEAMS AT THE TWO PLANTS.

THERE WAS NO IMMEDIATE INDICATION WHETHER EITHER OR BOTH PLANTS WOULD OPERATE AT OR NEAR THEIR PRESENT LEVELS OF MANPOWER, BUT AN AEC SPOKESMAN SAID THERE IS NO PRESENT PLAN TO CLOSE EITHER.

"THE EXTENT OF THE WORK WOULD DETERMINE THE EXTENT OF THE USE OF EACH FACILITY," HE SAID. HE INDICATED THAT AEC CHAIRMAN GLENN T. SEABORG WILL HAVE TO DETERMINE WHICH PROJECTS WILL BE CONTINUED.

ADDITIONAL RESEARCH FUNDS ARE BEING ASKED, THE OFFICIAL SAID, "BECAUSE WE HAVE THIS SKILLED MANPOWER THAT IS AVAILABLE IN TEAMS. WE WANT TO KEEPP THE TEAMS TOGETHER."

THE CONNECTICUT PLANT NOW HAS ABOUT 1,700 EMPLOYEES, AND THE EVENDALE PLANT NEAR CINCINNATI ABOUT 2,300.

KENNEDY, ANNOUNCING THE CHANGEOVER TO RESEARCH, SAID "WE PROPOSE TO TERMINATE DEVELOPMENT EFFORT ON BOTH APPROACHES ON THE NUCLEAR POWER PLANT. COMPRISING REACTOR AND ENGINE, AND ON THE AIRFRAME. . ."

CHAIRMAN MELVIN PRICE, D-ILL., OF THE JOINT ATOMIC RESEARCH SUBCOMMITTEE SAID THE ADMINISTRATION MADE "A SERIOUS, GRAVE ERROR" IN REDUCING THE NUCLEAR AIRCRAFT PROGRAM TO LIMITED RESEARCH.

HE SAID HE HOPES THE PRESIDENT'S STAND ON THE NUCLEAR AIRCRAFT "WILL NOT SET A PRECEDENT FOR OTHER ATOMIC ENERGY PROJECTS" IN DEMANDING A DEMONSTRATION OF MILITARY USEFULNESS AT AN EARLY STAGE OF DEVELOPMENT.

HE SAW "THE SAME APPROACH CREEPING INTO MANAGEMENT OF OTHER DEFENSE PROJECTS" INCLUDING THE NUCLEAR ROCKET PROGRAM.

HE SAID A NUCLEAR AIRCRAFT WOULD BE FLYING TODAY IF IT HAD NOT BEEN FOR "THE ON AGAIN, OFF AGAIN SYSTEM OF MISMANAGEMENT BY THE DEFENSE DEPARTMENT AND ITS SCIENTIFIC ADVISERS."

BU1743PES

161WX

(500) NIGHT LEAD BUDGET REACTION
WASHINGTON, MARCH 28 (AP)—REPUBLICANS TREATED PRESIDENT KENNEDY'S DEFENSE PROPOSALS WITH CAUTION TODAY AND AIMED THEIR BIG GUNS AT THE REST OF HIS BUDGET.

KENNEDY BROKE HIS BUDGET IN TWO, SENDING HIS GENERAL SPENDING PROPOSALS TO CONGRESS LAST FRIDAY AND HIS MILITARY PROPOSALS TODAY.

A TYPICAL REPUBLICAN COMMENT ON THE DEFENSE BUDGET CAME FROM SEN. EVERETT M. DIRKSEN OF ILLINOIS, THE SENATE MINORITY LEADER.

HE SAID KENNEDY HAD MADE "AN AMAZING NUMBER OF LITTLE CHANGES IN PROGRAMS" AND ALL WOULD HAVE TO BE THOROUGHLY SCRUTINIZED BY CONGRESS.

THE REACTION TO FRIDAY'S GENERAL BUDGET WAS MUCH SHARPER. THE REPUBLICAN NATIONAL COMMITTEE, IN ITS PUBLICATION "BATTLE LINE," SAID TODAY "THERE HAS NEVER BEEN A PRESIDENTIAL MESSAGE QUITE LIKE" IT.

"IT IS A DISHONEST DOCUMENT," THE COMMITTEE ADDED.

A DEMOCRAT, SEN. HARRY F. BYRD OF VIRGINIA, JOINED THE CRITICISM. IN A STATEMENT, HE SAID HE WAS DISTURBED BY KENNEDY'S PHILOSOPHY "THAT AS A 'BASIC PRINCIPLE' THE BUDGET NEEDS TO BE BALANCED ONLY OVER A CYCLE OF YEARS."

"IF SUCH AN ATTITUDE IS TO BE ADOPTED WITH RESPECT TO FEDERAL FINANCIAL INTEGRITY," BYRD CONTINUED, "WHO CAN SAY WHEN THE BUDGET WILL EVER BE BALANCED AGAIN?"

IN HIS DEFENSE MESSAGE, KENNEDY ASKED CONGRESS TO AUTHORIZE AN INCREASE OF ALMOST \$2 BILLION IN U. S. MILITARY SPENDING, MUCH OF IT GOING TO STRENGTHEN THE POLARIS AND MINUTEMAN MISSILE PROJECTS.

DEMOCRATIC LEADERS PRAISED THE PROPOSALS. HOUSE SPEAKER SAM RAYBURN OF TEXAS SAID THE PROGRAM "LOOKS TO ME LIKE IT'S PRETTY WELL ROUNDED."

AND SENATE DEMOCRATIC LEADER MIKE MANSFIELD OF MONTANA SAID: "IF THERE IS ONE CHARACTERISTIC WHICH STANDS OUT ABOVE ALL OTHERS IN THE SPECIAL MESSAGE ON THE DEFENSE BUDGET, IT IS THE PRESIDENT'S SURE GRASP OF THE POSITION OF THE DEFENSE ESTABLISHMENT WITHIN OUR SOCIETY, ITS ROLE IN OUR RELATIONS WITH THE REST OF THE WORLD AND IN THE MAINTENANCE OF PEACE."

REP. JAMES E. VAN ZANDT OF PENNSYLVANIA, A REPUBLICAN MEMBER OF THE HOUSE ARMED SERVICES COMMITTEE, SAID THE SPEED-UP OF THE POLARIS AND MINUTEMAN PROGRAMS WERE "A MUST." HE SAID KENNEDY'S OTHER PROPOSALS NEEDED MORE STUDY.

ANOTHER REPUBLICAN, REP. GERALD FORD OF MICHIGAN, SAID THE PRESIDENT'S DECISIONS "APPEAR TO BE IN THE RIGHT DIRECTION." FORD IS A MEMBER OF THE HOUSE DEFENSE APPROPRIATIONS SUBCOMMITTEE.

CHAIRMAN RICHARD B. RUSSELL, D-GA., OF THE SENATE ARMED SERVICES COMMITTEE GAVE GENERAL SUPPORT TO THE REVISED BUDGET. "I'M PARTICULARLY PLEASED BY THE POLARIS PROGRAM," HE SAID.

THE PRESIDENT'S DECISION TO CURTAIL THE B70 BOMBER PROGRAM DREW CRITICISM FROM SOME DEMOCRATS AND REPUBLICANS.

"I CONSIDER THIS MANNED BOMBER OUR FIRST LINE DEFENSE WEAPONS OF THE FUTURE," SAID SEN. JOHN STENNIS, D-MISS., CHAIRMAN OF THE SENATE PREPAREDNESS SUBCOMMITTEE.

REP. EDGAR W. HIESTAND, R-CALIF., SAID HE VIEWED THE B70 CUTBACK WITH "ALARM AND SHARP REGRET." HE CALLED IT "A TRAGIC BLOW TO THE NATIONAL SECURITY OF THE UNITED STATES."

REP. MELVIN PRICE, D-ILL., SAID THE ADMINISTRATION MADE "A SERIOUS, GRAVE ERROR" IN REDUCING THE NUCLEAR-POWERED AIRCRAFT TO A LIMITED RESEARCH PROGRAM.

HE SAID A NUCLEAR AIRCRAFT WOULD BE FLYING TODAY IF IT HAD NOT BEEN FOR "THE ON AGAIN, OFF AGAIN SYSTEM OF MISMANAGEMENT BY THE DEFENSE DEPARTMENT AND ITS SCIENTIFIC ADVISERS."

IN HIS GENERAL BUDGET MESSAGE FRIDAY, KENNEDY PREDICTED A TWO-YEAR BUDGET DEFICIT PUSHING THE NATIONAL DEBT TO RECORD HEIGHTS.

THE REPUBLICAN NATIONAL COMMITTEE SAID "THE CLEAR PURPOSE OF THE MESSAGE -- AND OF THE KENNEDY SEPARATION OF DEFENSE AND NON-DEFENSE SPENDING PLANS -- IS TO OBSCURE THE SIMPLE FACT THAT THE NEW ADMINIS-

30.24-

437

TRATION IS PROPOSING WHOPPING FEDERAL DEFICITS AS FAR INTO THE FUTURE AS FORECASTS CAN BE MADE.

"THE BUDGET MESSAGE MUST HAVE BEEN DESIGNED BY A MAN WHO USED TO OPERATE THE OLD SHELL GAME AT THE COUNTY FAIR..."

"THE DOCUMENT SQUIRMS, DISTORTS, CONCEALS AND EVADES IN TRYING TO HIDE THE DELUGE OF RED INK OR TO BLAME IT ON THE PREVIOUS ADMINISTRATION," THE REPUBLICANS SAID.

EG653PES

15WX (BJT)

(500)

AMS BUDGET

EDITORS NOTE: A PARALLEL BETWEEN PRESIDENT KENNEDY'S DEFENSE PROGRAM AND THE BALANCED FORCE CONCEPT ADVOCATED BY GEN. MAXWELL D. TAYLOR IS SEEN IN THE FOLLOWING BY BEM PRICE, AP MILITARY AFFAIRS WRITER.

KENNEDY-DEFENSE INTERPRETIVE

BY BEM PRICE

WASHINGTON, MARCH 28 (AP)—PRESIDENT KENNEDY TODAY OFFICIALLY DISCARDED "MASSIVE RETALIATION" AS THE NATION'S ALL-PURPOSE WAR DETERRENT.

IN ITS PLACE KENNEDY PRESCRIBED IN HIS SPECIAL DEFENSE BUDGET MESSAGE TO CONGRESS THE APPLICATION OF WHAT MILITARY MEN CALL THE "BALANCED FORCE CONCEPT."

WHAT THIS MEANS IS: DON'T PUT ALL YOUR EGGS IN ONE BASKET.

IT MEANS THE UNITED STATES SHOULD BE EQUALLY PREPARED FOR ANY WAR--BIG, LITTLE OR IN-BETWEEN.

WHILE KENNEDY HAS INDICATED DISSATISFACTION IN THE PAST WITH THE SIZE AND SHAPE OF THE NATION'S ARMED FORCES, THE REMEDY HE ORDERED IS NOT ORIGINAL WITH HIM.

IT MAY BE ONLY COINCIDENCE, BUT THAT NEARLY EVERYTHING THE PRESIDENT RECOMMENDED TODAY WAS OUTLINED BY GEN. MAXWELL D. TAYLOR, FORMER ARMY CHIEF OF STAFF, IN THE JANUARY ISSUE OF FOREIGN AFFAIRS QUARTERLY.

TAYLOR FOUGHT A LONG AND LOSING BATTLE AGAINST THE EISENHOWER DOCTRINE OF "MORE BANG FOR A BUCK."

THIS BROUGHT HIM INTO CONFLICT OFTEN WITH THE AIR FORCE--CHIEF PROPONENTS OF THE THEORY THAT AN OVERWHELMING NUCLEAR STRIKE FORCE IS THE BEST GUARANTEE AGAINST ALL WARS, LARGE AND SMALL.

WHILE THIS FIGHT WAS GOING ON, THE AIR FORCE STEADILY GREW MORE POWERFUL AND THE ARMY AND NAVY DWINDLED TO A POINT BORDERING ON INEFFECTIVENESS IN LIMITED WAR--THAT IS, IN NON-NUCLEAR--SITUATIONS.

UNTIL NOW, THE AIR FORCE HAS CLAIMED THE ROLE AS THE CHIEF STRATEGIC DETERRENT ARM OF THE UNITED STATES.

NOW IT SEEMS THAT THE AIR FORCE IS GOING TO HAVE TO SHARE ITS STRATEGIC ROLE WITH THE NAVY, AND THE ARMY IS TO BE UPGRADED TO A ROLE APPROACHING EQUALITY IN THE FORMATION OF MILITARY POSTURE.

IN BRIEF, KENNEDY APPARENTLY HAS ADOPTED THE TAYLOR THEORY IN ITS ENTIRETY.

TAYLOR SAID THERE SHOULD BE A LONG TERM REAPPRAISAL OF THE NATION'S MILITARY GOALS AND STRATEGY. THIS KENNEDY HAS ORDERED.

TAYLOR SAID THIS STUDY SHOULD BE PARALLELED BY IMMEDIATE MODERNIZATION AND EXPANSION OF THE NATION'S LIMITED WAR FORCES, INCLUDING AN INCREASE IN AIRLIFT.

KENNEDY'S MESSAGE TODAY INDICATED COMPLETE AGREEMENT.

TAYLOR SAID THE NATION NEEDED "AN INVULNERABLE LONG RANGE MISSILE FORCE WITH A SECOND STRIKE CAPABILITY;" THAT IS, AN ABILITY TO ABSORB A SURPRISE ATTACK AND HIT BACK WITH DEVASTATING EFFECT.

KENNEDY AGREED.

TAYLOR SAID THE NATION NEEDED A LONG RANGE MISSILE SYSTEM WITH THREE CHARACTERISTICS--MOBILITY, CONCEALMENT AND INVULNERABILITY. THE ONLY SYSTEM WHICH MEETS THESE SPECIFICATIONS, THE GENERAL SAID, IS THE NAVY'S SUBMARINE BORNE POLARIS MISSILE.

KENNEDY SAID, "OUR HOPES FOR ANYTHING CLOSE TO AN ABSOLUTE DETERRENT MUST REST ON WEAPONS WHICH COME FROM HIDDEN, MOVING OR INVULNERABLE BASES..."

HE THEN RECOMMENDED AN INCREASE IN THE POLARIS PROCUREMENT PROGRAM TO GIVE THE NATION 29 MISSILE SUBMARINES, INSTEAD OF THE 19 PRESENTLY PROGRAMMED.

PERHAPS THE KEY SENTENCES IN THE KENNEDY MESSAGE WERE THESE:

"ANY POTENTIAL AGGRESSOR CONTEMPLATING AN ATTACK ON ANY PART OF THE FREE WORLD WITH ANY KIND OF WEAPONS, CONVENTIONAL OR NUCLEAR, MUST KNOW THAT OUR RESPONSE WILL BE SUITABLE, SELECTIVE, SWIFT AND EFFECTIVE..."

"WE MUST BE ABLE TO MAKE DELIBERATE CHOICES IN WEAPONS AND STRATEGY...OUR WEAPONS SYSTEMS MUST BE USABLE IN A MANNER PERMITTING DELIBERATION AND DISCRIMINATION AS TO TIMING, SCOPE AND TARGETS..."

TAYLOR HAS LONG ADVOCATED THIS.

IN ESSENCE, WHILE THE UNITED STATES IS MAKING IT PLAIN THAT IT IS GOING TO DEFEND THE FREE WORLD TO THE BEST OF ITS ABILITY, IT NO LONGER WILL, OF NECESSITY, HAVE TO RATTLE ITS ATOMIC BOMBS EVERY TIME SOMEBODY TAKES A POT SHOT AT AN ALLY.

WE/LT239PES

A101 (150)

TAIPEI, FORMOSA, MARCH 28 (AP)--PRESIDENT CHIANG KAI-SHEK TODAY DENOUNCED TALK OF TWO CHINAS AS APPEASEMENT.

THE TWO-CHINA IDEA, HE SAID, IS AN ILLUSION OF "SHORTSIGHTED PERSONS WHO... HAVE NOT THE SLIGHTEST IDEA OF THE VICIOUS NATURE OF THE COMMUNISTS ON THE MAINLAND AND THE INEVITABILITY OF THEIR EVENTUAL COLLAPSE."

CHIANG, IN HIS ANNUAL NATIONAL YOUTH DAY MESSAGE, DID NOT NAME ANY INDIVIDUAL BUT SAID THOSE WHO SUPPORT THE TWO-CHINA IDEA HAVE FALLEN "UNDER THE SPELL OF APPEASEMENT."

PRESIDENT KENNEDY'S CHOICE AS AMBASSADOR TO INDIA, PROF. JOHN KENNETH GALBRAITH, TOLD THE SENATE FOREIGN RELATIONS COMMITTEE IN WASHINGTON FRIDAY HE VIEWS ACCEPTANCE OF THE TWO-CHINA IDEA AS A NECESSARY FORERUNNER TO ADMISSION OF RED CHINA TO THE UNITED NATIONS. BUT HE SAID THE PEIPING GOVERNMENT HAS SHOWN NO INTEREST IN THE TWO-CHINA IDEA.

CHIANG SAID THE CHINESE COMMUNISTS ARE ON THE VERGE OF COLLAPSE AND HIS NATIONALIST REGIME'S ABILITY TO COUNTERATTACK THE MAINLAND FROM WHICH IT WAS DRIVEN IN 1949 IS STRONGER THAN EVER BEFORE.

PS928PES

A146WX

AAAAAAA(110) DOCTOR DRAFT

WASHINGTON, MARCH 28 (AP)--THE AIR FORCE NEEDS 250 DOCTORS. AND FOR THE FIRST TIME SINCE 1957 THE DEFENSE DEPARTMENT PLANS TO CALL ON THE DRAFT TO GET THE PHYSICIANS.

THE PENTAGON SAID YESTERDAY THE DRAFT CALL WAS "MADE NECESSARY BY THE FAILURE OF THIS YEAR'S INTERN GROUP TO VOLUNTEER FOR ACTIVE DUTY BEGINNING IN JULY, 1961, IN SUFFICIENT NUMBERS TO MEET THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE MILITARY MEDICAL SERVICE."

THE PENTAGON HAD WARNED LAST NOVEMBER THAT A DROP IN VOLUNTEERS FOR MEDICAL RESERVE COMMISSIONS MIGHT MAKE IT NECESSARY TO DRAFT AS MANY AS 650 PHYSICIANS EARLY THIS YEAR.

UNTIL RECENTLY SUFFICIENT DOCTORS HAVE BEEN VOLUNTEERING FOR TWO YEARS OF ACTIVE DUTY.

LT1247PES NN

B13 Q

(130)

OAK RIDGE, TENN., MARCH 28 (AP)--THE ATOMIC ENERGY COMMISSION SAID TODAY IT IS BEGINNING A GRADUAL REDUCTION IN THE USE OF POWER AT ITS OAK RIDGE, PADUCAH, KY., AND PORTSMOUTH, OHIO, ATOMIC ENERGY PLANTS.

THE COMMISSION SAID THE CUTBACK WILL AMOUNT TO ONE MILLION KILOWATTS AND WILL TAKE PLACE OVER THE NEXT 3 1/2 YEARS.

THE AEC SAID ITS PRODUCTION GOALS FOR ENRICHED URANIUM "FOR BOTH NATIONAL DEFENSE AND CIVILIAN USE CAN BE MET WITH REDUCED USE OF ELECTRIC POWER IN VIEW OF THE IMPROVING EFFICIENCY OF PLANNED OPERATIONS AND CURRENT AVAILABILITY OF NUCLEAR MATERIALS FOR FUEL."

THE MAJOR PORTION OF THE REDUCTION, THE AEC SAID, WILL APPLY TO POWER THE COMMISSION BUYS FROM THE TENNESSEE VALLEY AUTHORITY.

THE COMMISSION ALSO SAID IT IS CANCELLING A CONTRACT WITH OHIO VALLEY ELECTRIC CORP., WHICH SUPPLIES 150,000 KILOWATTS OF POWER TO THE PORTSMOUTH PLANT.

ZR307PES

B121 (Q)

(160)

CHATTANOOGA, TENN. MARCH 28 (AP)--THE CHATTANOOGA TIMES SAID SECRETARY OF THE ARMY ELVIS STAHR TODAY ISSUED A STOP ORDER ON A \$40 MILLION CONTRACT FOR A CALIFORNIA COMPANY AFTER SEN. ESTES KEFAUVER, D-TENN., ASKED FOR A SENATE INVESTIGATION.

THE TIMES, IN A STORY BY ITS WASHINGTON CORRESPONDENT, CHARLES BARTLETT, SAID THE CONTRACT FOR 1,500 M113 TROOP CARRIERS HAD BEEN AWARDED TO THE FOOD AND MACHINERY CO., OF SAN JOSE, CALIF.

"KEFAUVER ASKED THE SENATE PREPAREDNESS INVESTIGATING SUBCOMMITTEE TO INQUIRE INTO THE AWARD," THE NEWSPAPER SAID, "ON GROUNDS THAT THE WELAND CO. OF CHATTANOOGA HAD BID ALMOST AS LOW AND IS LOCATED IN AN AREA OF SUBSTANTIAL LABOR SURPLUS."

"THE DIFFERENCE ON THE BID... WAS SAID TO HAVE BEEN ONLY \$7,000. THE WINNING BID WAS \$40,607,751 BY THE FIRM IN SAN JOSE, WHICH IS NOT A LABOR SURPLUS AREA. PRESIDENT KENNEDY HAS ASKED THAT GOVERNMENT CONTRACTS BE PLACED WHENEVER POSSIBLE IN THESE AREAS."

THE STORY SAID THAT KEFAUVER WAS ASSURED BY SEN. JOHN STENNIS, D-MISS., CHAIRMAN OF THE SUBCOMMITTEE, THAT THE STAFF WOULD EXAMINE THE MATTER.

1K122AES

A100

NEW DELHI, MARCH 28 (AP)--A COMMUNISTSLANTED WORLD PEACE COUNCIL ENDED A FIVE-DAY CONFERENCE HERE TODAY AFTER A FIST FIGHT.

THE CLASH BETWEEN ISRAELI AND U.A.R. DELEGATES TOOK PLACE AFTER A HEATED ARGUMENT IN WHICH DOV ZAKIN OF ISRAEL DEMANDED THAT ISRAELI SHIPS BE ALLOWED TO USE THE SUEZ CANAL AND U.A.R. DELEGATE AKDUL KAREM DECLARED ISRAEL WAS A "TOOL OF AGGRESSION AGAINST ARABS."

CONFERENCE RESOLUTIONS DEMANDED WITHDRAWAL OF U.N. TROOPS FROM THE CONGO, BUT MADE NO MENTION OF THE BORDER DISPUTE BETWEEN INDIA AND RED CHINA.

PS924PES

A118 (200)

SYDNEY, AUSTRALIA, MARCH 28 (AP)--ARMY SEARCH PARTIES HAVE FOUND THE WRECKAGE OF SIX U.S. WORLD WAR II AIRCRAFT IN THE NEW GUINEA JUNGLE. FIVE WERE THUNDERBOLT FIGHTERS AND THE OTHER A C47 TRANSPORT CONTAINING THE SKELETONS OF 14 MEN.

THE WRECKAGE OF TWO JAPANESE ZERO FIGHTERS AND AN AUSTRALIAN BOOMERANG FIGHTER WITH THE PILOT'S BODY TILL AT THE CONTROLS ALSO WERE FOUND.

DISCOVERY OF THE WRECKAGE OF THE PLANES WAS MADE WITHIN THE LAST THREE WEEKS BY PATROLS SEARCHING FOR A LIGHT PLANE THAT DISAPPEARED ON A FLIGHT TO PORT MORESBY MARCH 8. ALL THE AIRCRAFT WERE FOUND IN THE CENTRAL HIGHLAND AREA. THE WRECKS WERE SPOTTED FROM THE AIR AND PATROLS WERE SENT TO THE SPOT. ONE PATROL TOOK 16 DAYS TO FIGHT ITS WAY THROUGH 15 MILES OF JUNGLE TO REACH THE C47 WRECK. IT WAS 70 MILES NORTHEAST OF PORT MORESBY. THE PATROL IN A RADIO MESSAGE SAID THE FUSELAGE OF THE FREIGHTER WAS ALMOST INTACT AND A JEEP FOUND IN THE FUSELAGE APPEARED TO BE IN GOOD CONDITION.

THERE WAS NO INFORMATION HERE ABOUT THE IDENTITY OF THE MEN WHO DIED IN THE C47 CRASH, BUT IT WAS POINTED OUT HERE THAT THEY COULD BE AMERICANS OR AUSTRALIANS BEING FERRYED IN THE U.S. TRANSPORT.

COL. ANDREW E. MCDAVID, U.S. AIR ATTACHE IN CANBERRA, SAID THE UNITED STATES WOULD MAKE EVERY EFFORT TO BRING THE REMAINS OF THE AMERICANS OUT OF THE JUNGLE. AUSTRALIA ALSO WILL ATTEMPT TO RECOVER THE BODY OF THE PILOT OF THE BOOMERANG.

IT WAS ASSUMED THE PATROLS LEFT THE SKELETONS IN THE PLANES AS THEY FOUND THEM. THERE WAS NO INFORMATION ON WHETHER THE PATROLS ALSO FOUND THE BODIES OF THE PILOTS OF THE THUNDERBOLT AND JAPANESE ZERO FIGHTERS.

PS1036PES

530

WAV 3024
STUTTGART, GERMANY, MARCH 28 (AP)—POLICE TODAY ANNOUNCED THE ARREST OF FORMER SS (ELITE GUARD) SGT. OTTO HAUPT ON SUSPICION OF KILLING CONCENTRATION CAMP INMATES IN 1940 AND 1941.

HAUPT HAD WORKED AS A CARPENTER IN A VILLAGE NEAR TUEBINGEN SINCE 1947. HE WAS ARRESTED ON ORDERS FROM THE CENTRAL OFFICE FOR INVESTIGATION OF NAZI CRIMES.

THE OFFICE REPORTED THAT PRELIMINARY INVESTIGATION PLACED HAUPT UNDER STRONG SUSPICION OF HAVING KILLED 100 PATIENTS AT THE CAMP HOSPITAL WITH GASOLINE INJECTIONS NEAR THE HEART. AT THE TIME HAUPT WAS STATIONED AT THE CONCENTRATION CAMP AT DANZIG-STUTTHOF.

ND951ATc

A86 (120)

HONG KONG, MARCH 28 (AP)—MRS. ROBERT MCCANN CROSSED THE BORDER INTO COMMUNIST CHINA TODAY EN ROUTE TO SEE HER 60-YEAR-OLD HUSBAND, AN AMERICAN PRISONER OF THE CHINESE COMMUNISTS WHO IS REPORTED DYING OF LUNG CANCER.

THE RED GOVERNMENT GAVE THE PASADENA, CALIF., WOMAN A TWO-WEEK VISIT TO VISIT HER HUSBAND. SHE PLANS TO APPEAL TO OFFICIALS IN PEIPING TO RELEASE HIM BECAUSE OF HIS CRITICAL CONDITION.

MCCANN, A FORMER BUSINESSMAN IN NORTH CHINA, HAS BEEN IN TIENTSIN JAIL SINCE JUNE 1951, SERVING A 15-YEAR SENTENCE FOR UNSPECIFIED "CRIMES AGAINST THE STATE."

"I'M VERY HAPPY," MRS. MCCANN SAID JUST BEFORE SHE CROSSED THE BORDER. "I'VE BEEN WAITING FOR NINE YEARS. NOW AT LAST I FEEL I

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CAN DO SOMETHING."

SHE SAID SHE DID NOT KNOW JUST HOW SERIOUS HER HUSBAND'S CONDITION WAS, THAT SHE HAD BEEN NOTIFIED HE DID NOT HAVE LONG TO LIVE "BUT THEY CAN BE WRONG."

JT842AES